



Maintaining Control: Communication Strategies During a Crisis

Reduce Risk. Prevent Loss. Save Lives.

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Objectives

- During this program, we will discuss:
 - ➤ Our definition of a crisis and how an unplanned event can negatively impact operations
 - > The importance of a well-trained crisis management team
 - ➤ How developing a crisis management plan can help prepare for an effective response





Definition of a Crisis



- Any unplanned or unexpected event or sequence of events that has an undesirable consequence.
- Calls for immediate action.
- Has the potential to cause public or media concern.



Recent Crisis

Can you name a crisis situation that has been in the news recently?



What Comes to Mind?

- Hurricane Irene (2011)
- Japan tsunami and nuclear disaster (2011)
- BP offshore explosion and oil spill (2010)
- Toyota (2010)
- I-35 Bridge collapse (2007)
- NYC crane collapses (2008)





Bad Things CAN and DO Happen!

- A crisis can happen anywhere, anytime
- There is no substitute for planning and preparation





The Crisis Management Challenge

- Tell your story
- Control the situation (the best you can)





Polling Question

What percentage of businesses have a crisis management plan in place?

- A. 90%
- B. 60%
- C. 47%
- D. 19%



60%
Have Crisis
Management
Plan in Place

Of the businesses with plans...

56%
have
designated
crisis
management
team

38%
personnel
trained in
crisis
management
skills

90%
performed
formal
training
annually

50% conducted crisis drills or simulations



Source: American Management Association (2004)



Top 5 Thought Process Exercise





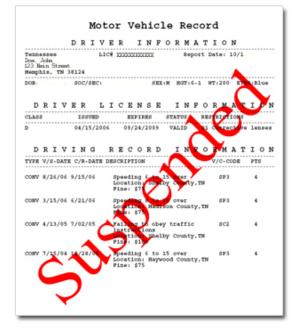








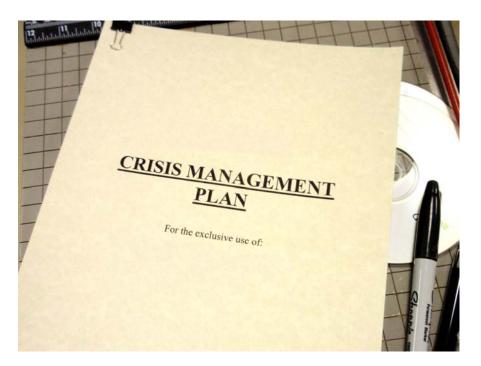






The Four Stages of Crisis Management

- 1. Prevention and Mitigation
- 2. Preparedness
- 3. Response (Public Relations)
- 4. Recovery





Crisis Team

- Team Leader
- Spokesperson
- Other Management Personnel:
 - **≻**Manager
 - **>**Supervisor
- Safety Director
- Human Resources
- Legal Counsel





Act Decisively

- Notify management and critical team members
- Employee communication
- Family notification
- Media management





Communication Response Procedures

 Notify/maintain contact with appropriate local authorities and other outside parties:

- **>** Police
- > Fire
- ➤ Medical Services
- ➤ City Officials
- **≻** Employees
- ➤ Subcontractors
- > Vendors
- > Customers
- ➤ Insurance Agent/Broker/Carrier





Response: Notification Procedures

- Initiate and maintain communications with family members following employee injury or fatality:
 - ➤ Have your facts together
 - > Determine what will be said, and by whom
 - ➤ Have a support system
 - ➤ Be responsive





Practice Your Plan

- Review your top five exposures
- Conduct drills
- Update procedures
- Revise plan as needed





Response: Leadership "The Three C's"

- Candor: Be honest, take necessary responsibility and don't set unreasonable expectations.
- Concern: Concern for health and safety needs of those affected by the crisis. Show some controlled emotion and empathy
- **Courage:** Don't hide from the issue. A leader is not afraid to stand up, take responsibility and get at the source of the problem.



Media Management Goal During a Crisis

Communication:

- ➤ Contribute to ending the crisis
- > Reduce tension
- Demonstrate commitment to values
- ➤ The first step: Buy-time statement





Response: Media Management

"Buy-Time" Statement

- ➤ It gives time to gather facts and verify information
- ➤ Acknowledges the situation but doesn't really divulge any information
- ➤ It gives the media something to work with and to report
- ➤ It does not look like you are stonewalling





Response: Buy-Time Statement (Example)

- My name is [____] and I am [title] with [company].
- The incident has just happened and I am not prepared to answer any questions at this time.
- We are working with local authorities.
- We will be back by [time] with an update.
- Thank you.



Do's and Don'ts of Working With the News Media

DO

- Talk
- Tell the truth
- Respond quickly
- Emphasize the positive
- Make sure your information is accurate
- Condense your information

DON'T

- Say "no comment"
- Discuss any facts relating to damages or insurance
- Wear sunglasses
- Chew gum or have items in your mouth



Microphones and Cameras

- Always assume that every microphone is hot and that every camera is rolling
- Even if the lens cap is on, the audio may be running





Electronic World













The Internet

- World Wide Web
- Websites
- Email
- Text Messaging
- Blogs
- Chat Rooms
- Twitter
- Facebook
- You Tube

















Recovery Goals

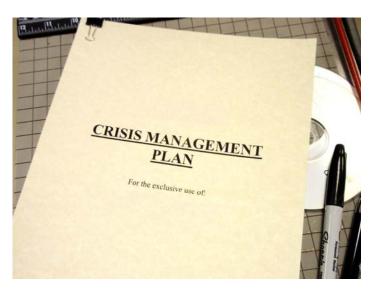
- Return to previous working conditions as soon as possible
- Assess the impact on your business:
 - Monitor employee's need for counseling
 - ➤ Do a post-mortem/ lessons learned
 - ➤ Revise program
 - > Retrain





Crisis Management Planning

- When a crisis occurs...a story will be told
- Maintain control...make the best of a bad situation
- Prepare your team
- Keep the plan current





Response: Acknowledging Your Workforce

- Address the human element
- Recognize physical, emotional, and behavioral symptoms
- Shock, stress, greatly reduced efficiency, high turnover are all typical reactions
- Share information about the disaster, current status, and future plans
- Offer assistance, encouragement, resources to employees
 - ✓ Formal Employee Assistance Program
 - ✓ Community resources
 - ✓ Crisis counseling





Risk Control

CRISIS MANAGEMENT TravSources - Commercial

Overview

Topics & Tools

Training Resources Online Resources

Risk Control Customer Portal

Crisis Management

During the next five years, 83 percent of companies will face a crisis that will negatively impact their profitability by 20 to 30 percent, according to new research by Oxford-Metrica, an independent adviser on risk, value, reputation and governance. Crisis management is the process by which the organization manages a wider impact, such as media relations, and enables it to commence recovery.

Management is definitely put to the test during a crisis situation. What managers and employees - do or don't do - can have lasting implications. Today, individuals responsible for the management of businesses must deal effectively with increasingly complex laws and issues or face the consequences.



Types of Crisis

- On the Job Fatality or On the Job Injury
- Damage to Utilities
- · Highway/Vehicle Accident
- Equipment Failure
- Structural/Subsidence Collapse
- Fire/Explosion
- Chemical Spill, Environmental Issues
- Workplace Violence, Criminal Acts
- Legal/Government Actions and Investigations
- Protests, Labor Strike, Work Stoppage, Harassment
- Natural Disasters

A crisis can be defined as any unplanned event, occurrence or sequence of events that has a specific undesirable consequence.

For more information regarding crisis management, best practices and building an effective crisis management plan, click on the link below.

Crisis Planning: Getting Started

Related Risk Management Resources - available from the Customer Portal:

A0076 - Open for Business - Contingency Planning



Risk Control

Managing Workplace Crises - A Human Factors Guide

This guide reviews the knowledge and resources that have been assembled to manage the human response to workplace crises. Topics covered in this guide include types of crises, effects of crises on employees, how a company should respond, public relations, planning for the unexpected, and preventing a crisis.

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Questions?



